- (2) Criminal or dishonest conduct;
- (3) Material, intentional false statement or deception or fraud in examination or appointment;
- (4) Refusal to furnish testimony as required by §5.4 of this title;
- (5) Alcohol abuse of a nature and duration which suggests that the applicant or appointee would be prevented from performing the duties of the position in question, or would constitute a direct threat to the property or safety of others;
- (6) Illegal use of narcotics, drugs, or other controlled substances, without evidence of substantial rehabilitation;
- (7) Knowing and willful engagement in acts or activities designed to overthrow the U.S. Government by force;
- (8) Any statutory or regulatory bar which prevents the lawful employment of the person involved in the position in question.
- (c) Additional considerations. In making a determination under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, OPM and agencies shall consider the following additional considerations to the extent they deem them pertinent to the individual case:
- (1) The nature of the position for which the person is applying or in which the person is employed;
- (2) The nature and seriousness of the conduct;
- (3) The circumstances surrounding the conduct;
  - (4) The recency of the conduct;
- (5) The age of the person involved at the time of the conduct;
- (6) Contributing societal conditions; and
- (7) The absence or presence of rehabilitation or efforts toward rehabilitation.

## §731.203 Actions by OPM and other agencies.

- (a) *List of actions.* For purposes of this part, an action is one or more of the following:
  - (1) Cancellation of eligibility;
  - (2) Denial of appointment;
  - (3) Removal:
- (4) Cancellation of reinstatement eligibility;
- (5) Debarment.
- (b) An applicant's eligibility may be cancelled, an applicant may be denied

- employment, or an appointee may be removed when OPM or an agency exercising delegated authority under this part finds that the applicant or appointee is unsuitable for the reasons cited in §731.202 subject to the agency limitations of §731.103(a).
- (c) OPM may require that an employee be removed on the basis of a material, intentional false statement, or deception or fraud in examination or appointment; or refusal to furnish testimony; or a statutory or regulatory bar. OPM may also cancel any reinstatement eligibility obtained as a result of false statement, deception or fraud in the examination or appointment process.
- (d) Ån action to remove an appointee or employee for suitability reasons under this part is not an action under parts 752 or 315 of this title. Where behavior covered by this part may also form the basis for a part 752 or 315 action, agencies may use part 315 or 752, as appropriate, instead of this part.
- (e) Agencies are required to report to OPM all unfavorable adjudicative actions taken under this part, and all actions based on an OPM investigation.

## §731.204 Debarment by OPM.

- (a) When OPM finds a person unsuitable for any reason listed in §731.202, OPM, in its discretion, may deny that person examination for, and appointment to, a competitive service position for a period of not more than 3 years from the date of determination of unsuitability.
- (b) On expiration of a period of debarment, OPM or an agency may redetermine a person's suitability for appointment in accordance with the procedures of this part.
- (c) OPM, in its sole discretion, determines the duration of any period of debarment imposed under this section.

## §731.205 Debarment by agencies.

(a) Subject to the provisions of §731.103, when an agency finds an applicant or appointee unsuitable for reasons listed in §731.202, the agency may deny that person examination for, and appointment to, all, or specific,, positions within the agency for a period of not more than 1 year from the date of determination of unsuitability.